Material Safety Data Sheet

Tin, Mossy, 99.8%

ACC# 02004

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Tin, Mossy, 99.8%

Catalog Numbers: AC203400000, AC203401000

Synonyms: Metallic Tin; Silver Matt Powder; Tin Flake; Tin Powder; Wang; Elemental Tin;

Stannum; C.I. 77860; C.I. Pigment Metal 5

Company Identification:

Acros Organics N.V. One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7440-31-5	TIN	99.8%	231-141-8

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: silver white solid.

Caution! May cause respiratory and digestive tract irritation. May cause mechanical eye and skin irritation. May cause central nervous system effects. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. This is expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Target Organs: Central nervous system.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: May cause eye irritation.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause irritation and/or dermatitis. Low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Low hazard for usual industrial handling. Ingested inorganic tin exhibits only moderate toxicity due to poor absorption and rapid tissue turnover. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, cramps, vomiting and diarrhea. May interfere with various enzyme systems. Inorganic tin salts may cause systemic effects on the central nervous system, heart and liver. Ingested inorganic tin exhibits only toxicity, probably because of poor absorption and rapid tissue turnover. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation, including nausea, abdominal cramps, vomiting and diarrhea. May interfere with various enzyme systems. It may also interfere with absorption and metabolism of biologically essential systems.

Inhalation: Dust is irritating to the respiratory tract. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. When inhaled as a dust or fume, may cause benign pneumoconiosis.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure to tin oxide dusts and fumes may result in stannosis (benign pneumoconiosis).

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation develops, get medi cal aid.

Skin: Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Flush skin with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid if irritation or symptoms occur.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire. Substance is noncombustible.

Extinguishing Media: Substance is noncombustible; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire. If water is the only media available, use in flooding amounts.

Flash Point: Not available.

Autoignition Temperature: 806 deg F (430.00 deg C)

Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: 0.19

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 1; Flammability: 3; Instability: 3

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Sweep up or absorb material, then place into a suitable clean, dry, closed container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep containers tightly closed.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
TIN	2 mg/m3 TWA	2 mg/m3 TWA 100 mg/m3 IDLH	2 mg/m3 TWA

OSHA Vacated PELs: TIN: 2 mg/m3 TWA

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's

eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI

Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace

conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid
Appearance: silver white
Odor: none reported
ph: Not applicable.

Vapor Pressure: 1 mm Hg @ 1492 deg

Vapor Density: Not available. Evaporation Rate: Not applicable.

Viscosity: Not applicable. Boiling Point: 2507 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:231.9 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not applicable.

Solubility: Slightly soluble in hot water.

Specific Gravity/Density:7.31

Molecular Formula:Sn Molecular Weight:118.69

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, dust generation, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Halogens, copper nitrate, potassium peroxide, sodium peroxide, suifur, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, tin chloride.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Irritating and toxic fumes and gases, tin/tin oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7440-31-5: XP7320000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7440-31-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: Tumors were observed at the site of application when implanted into in rats

(TDLo=395 mg/kg) and mice (TDLo=840 gm/kg), according to RTECS.

Teratogenicity: No information available.

Reproductive Effects: No information available.

Neurotoxicity: No information available. **Mutagenicity:** No information available.

Other Studies: See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	Please contact Fisher Scientific for shipping information	No information available.
Hazard Class:		
UN Number:		
Packing Goop:		

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7430-31-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

Section 31 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors. This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7465-31-5 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania Manesota, Massachusetts.

California Frop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European International Regulations

European Careling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Syr cois: Not available. Risk Phrases:

Safety Phra as:

WGK (Wate Danger/Protection)

CAS# 70 -31-5: No information available.

Canada - D. JNDSL

CAS# 74 30-31-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - Was MIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of D2B.

Canadian I redient Disclosure List

CAS# 74-7-31-5 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

The information was as believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make

no warranty of I liability resulting particular purpo special, indirect possibility of suc chantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their in no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any idental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the